SAFETY DATA SHEET



COLOR COAT CARNAUBA BLUE

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: COLOR COAT CARNAUBA BLUE	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Supplier's details	: DuBois Chemicals, Inc. 3630 E. Kemper Road Cincinnati, Ohio 45241 Phone: 1-800-438-2647	
Emergency telephone number (24hr)	: 1-866-923-4919 (US and Canada) 01-651-523-0314 (Int'I and Mexico)	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: cs@duboischemicals.com	

Section 2. Hazards identification

This material is hazardous according to criteria of EPA New Zealand. **HSNO Group Standard:** HSR002526 - Cleaning Products (Corrosive) Group Standard : 8.2 - CORROSIVE TO DERMAL TISSUE - Category B **HSNO** Classification 8.3 - CORROSIVE TO OCULAR TISSUE - CategoryA 9.1 - AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY - Category B Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 4% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 4%

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Regulations 2001.

This material is classified as a dangerous good according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2007 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

GHS label elements		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Chemical-resistant gloves. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles. Wear protective clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Wash thoroughly after handling.	
Response	: Collect spillage. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.	
Storage	: Store locked up.	
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. 	
Symbol		
Version : 1	Date of issue/Date of revision : 16/11/2020	



Other hazards which do not : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.
CAS number/other identifiers	
CAS number	: Notapplicable.
EC number	: Mixture.
Product code	: BLE00256
Ingredient name	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	5 - 10	61789-40-0
dodecyldimethylamine oxide	5 - 10	1643-20-5
Distillates (petroleum), straight-run middle	1 - 5	64741-44-2
Quaternary ammonium compounds, dicoco alkyldimethyl, chlorides	1 - 5	61789-77-3
2-butoxyethanol	1 - 5	111-76-2
sodium chloride	1 - 5	7647-14-5
propan-2-ol	1 - 5	67-63-0

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary f	irst aid measures
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Most important symptoms/	effects. acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>icts</u>
Inhalation	: May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Ingestion	: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eyedamage.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ptoms</u>
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Eyes	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed. if necessary
Specific treatments	: Notavailable.
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Not suitable	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Hazchem code	: Notavailable.



Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special precautions for fire- fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits
2-butoxyethanol propan-2-ol		NZ OSH (New Zealand, 2/2013). Absorbed through skin. WES-TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 121 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NZ OSH (New Zealand, 2/2013). WES-TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 983 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-STEL: 1230 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
Appropriate engineering controls		nes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, ngineering controls to keep worker exposure to ecommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection measu	<u>res</u>	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavat Appropriate techniques should be u	broughly after handling chemical products, before tory and at the end of the working period. used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. e reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and kstation location.
Respiratory protection	airfed respirator complying with an	necessary, use a properly fitted, air-purifying or approved standard. Respirator selection must exposure levels, the hazards of the product and ed respirator.
Hand protection	be worn at all times when handling this is necessary. Considering the p check during use that the gloves ar should be noted that the time to bre different for different glove manufac	es complying with an approved standard should chemical products if a risk assessment indicates parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, e still retaining their protective properties. It eakthrough for any glove material may be cturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of time of the gloves cannot be accurately time): Chemical-resistant gloves
Eye protection	assessment indicates this is necess gases or dusts. If contact is possibl unless the assessment indicates a	pproved standard should be used when a risk sary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, e, the following protection should be worn, higher degree of protection: chemical splash ation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be plash goggles
Skin protection	: Personal protective equipment for th	e body should be selected based on the task ved and should be approved by a specialist



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

-	
Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Blue [Dark]
Odor	: Fruity. [Slight]
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 6.93
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Notavailable.
Flash point	: Closed cup: Notapplicable.
Burning rate	: Not applicable.
Burning time	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Notavailable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.993
Solubility	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	: Notavailable.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
SADT	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Notapplicable.
Heat of combustion	: Notavailable.
Ignition distance	: Notapplicable.
Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent	: Not applicable.
Enclosed space ignition - Deflagration density	: Not applicable.
Flame height	: Not applicable.
Flame duration	: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Seriou effects may be delayed following exposure. Ingestion : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach. Skin contact : Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Inhalation : No specific data. Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: gain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or watering	Information on the like	ly routes of exposure
Skin contact : Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Inhalation : No specific data. Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: network pains Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering	Inhalation	: May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristicsInhalation: No specific data.Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach painsSkin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occurEye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering	Ingestion	: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
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Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering	Symptoms related to t	he physical. chemical and toxicological characteristics
stomach pains Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering	Inhalation	: No specific data.
pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering	Ingestion	
pain watering	Skin contact	pain or irritation redness dryness cracking
	Eye contact	pain watering

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), straight-run middle	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	1700 mg/m ³	4 hours
2-butoxyethanol sodium chloride propan-2-ol	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rat Rabbit Rat	917 mg/kg 3000 mg/kg 12800 mg/kg 5000 mg/kg	- - -

Conclusion/Summary :

: Oral LD50 estimated to be > 2000 mg/kg.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino- N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N- dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
salts Distillates (petroleum), straight-run middle	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



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Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Chronic toxicity	
Not available.	
Carcinogenicity	
Not available.	
Mutagenicity	
Not available.	
<u>Teratogenicity</u>	
Not available.	
Reproductive toxicity	
Not available.	
Specific target organ toxic	itv
Not available.	
Aspiration hazard	
Name	
Distillates (petroleum), straid	aht-run middle

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	13986.4 mg/kg
Dermal	138122.3 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	607.7 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	34.69 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), straight-run middle	Chronic EC50 50 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
Quaternary ammonium compounds, dicoco alkyldimethyl, chlorides	LC50 0.195 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
sodium chloride	Acute EC50 2430000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 28.85 mg/dm3 Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 519.6 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute IC50 6.87 g/L Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1661 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1000000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Larvae	96 hours
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Section 12. Ecological information

	Chronic LC10 781 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	3 weeks
	Chronic NOEC 6 g/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.314 g/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor Daphnia - Daphnia pulex Fish - Gambusia holbrooki -	96 hours 21 days 8 weeks
propan-2-ol	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Adult Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	48 hours 96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino- N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N- dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs. , hydroxides, inner salts	1.79	71	low
2-butoxyethanol propan-2-ol	0.81 0.05	-	low low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	
coefficient (Koc)	
Other adverse effects	

: Not available.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
New Zealand Class	UN3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Quaternary ammonium compounds, dicoco alkyldimethyl, chlorides)	9	111	V V	-
Version : 1						of revision : 16/11/2020



Section 14. Transport information **ADG Class** ENVIRONMENTALLY UN3082 9 Ш HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. LIQUID, N.O.S. (Quaternary ammonium compounds, dicoco alkyldimethyl, chlorides) **UN Class** UN3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY 9 Ш AIL HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Quaternary ammonium compounds, dicoco alkyldimethyl, chlorides) **ADR/RID Class** UN3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY 9 Ш Tunnel code All HAZARDOUS (E) SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Quaternary ammonium compounds, dicoco alkyldimethyl, chlorides) Ш **IATA Class** UN3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY 9 _ All HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. LIQUID, N.O.S. (Quaternary ammonium compounds, dicoco alkyldimethyl, chlorides) **IMDG Class** UN3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY 9 Ш AID HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Quaternary ammonium compounds, dicoco alkyldimethyl, chlorides)

PG* : Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	: Not determined.
HSNO Approval Number HSNO Group Standard HSNO Classification	 Not available. HSR002526 - Cleaning Products (Corrosive) Group Standard 8.2 - CORROSIVE TO DERMAL TISSUE - Category B 8.3 - CORROSIVE TO OCULAR TISSUE - Category A 9.1 - AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY - Category B

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Australia inventory (AICS) Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : All components are listed or exempted.
: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 16/11/2020
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 16/11/2020
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	 : ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	· Not available

References

: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

